coordination and synergising intelligence flow to check infiltration, pro-active action against the terrorists within the State etc.

The counter terrorism efforts are reviewed from time to time.

**Deportation of illegal Bangladeshi migrants**

332. SHRI DATTAMEGHE: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether an Action Plan was prepared which visualized deportation of at least 100 illegal Bangladeshi migrants per day;

(b) if so, the details in regard thereto;

(c) the State-wise details of the likely number of illegal Bangladeshi migrants in the country;

(d) how many such illegal Bangladeshi migrants have been deported during last three years, year-wise; and

(e) the efforts made to identify and deport 100 illegal Bangladeshi migrants per day, as visualized in the Action Plan in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI SRIPRAKASH JAISWAL): (a) and (b) As per the direction given by the Hon'ble High Court, Delhi in a Public Interest Litigation, the Government of NCT of Delhi launched a special drive to detect and deport Bangladeshi nationals staying illegally in Delhi. Accordingly, the following Action Plan was drawn up:

1. The Commissioner of Police, Delhi to set up 10 Task Forces to detect and deport illegal immigrants.
2. The Task Force was to identify at least 100 illegal Bangladeshis staying in Delhi every day, which was later revived to 600 per month by the Nodal Authority set up under the Chairmanship of the Union Home Secretary to monitor the **same.**
3. The progress made by the Special Task Forces is to be reviewed by the Nodal Authority periodically.

(c) The State-wise details on the number of illegal Bangladeshi migrants is given in the enclosed Statement (See below).

(d) and (e) The Nodal Authority monitors the progress of the Action Plan. The year-wise break up of deportations of illegal Bangladeshi migrants for the country as a whole during the last three years are:—

| | |
|---|---|
| 2001 | 7,854 |
| 2002 | 5,652 |
| 2003 | 26,796 |

The above figures include deportations from Delhi as visualized in the Action Plan which pertains to Delhi only.

***Statement***

*Estimated Number of Illegal Bangladeshi Immigrants in India*
*As on 31.12.2001*

| Sl. No. | Name of the State/UT | Estimated Numbers |
|---|---|---|
| 1. | Andhra Pradesh | — |
| 2. | Arunachal Pradesh | 800 |
| 3. | Assam | 50,00,000 |
| 4. | Bihar | 4,79,000 |
| 5. | Goa | — |
| 6. | Gujarat | 100 |
| 7. | Haryana | 550 |
| 8. | Himachal Pradesh | — |
| 9. | Jammu and Kashmir | — |
| 10. | Karnataka | — |
| 11. | Kerala | — |
| 12. | Madhya Pradesh | 700 |
| 13. | Maharashtra | 20,400 |
| 14. | Manipur | — |
| 15. | Meghalaya | 30,000 |
| 16. | Mizoram | — |
| 17. | Nagaland | 59,500 |
| 18. | Orissa | 30,850 |
| 19 | Punjab | 150 |
| 20. | Rajasthan | 2,500 |
| 21. | Sikkim | — |
| 22. | Tamil Nadu | — |
| 23. | Tripura | 3,25,400 |

| Sl. No. | Name of the State/UT | Estimated Numbers |
|---|---|---|
| 24. | Uttar Pradesh | 26,000 |
| 25. | West Bengal | 57,00,000 |
| 26. | A & N Islands | 3,000 |
| 27. | Chandigarh | — |
| 28. | Dadra & Nagar Haveli | — |
| 29. | Daman & Diu | — |
| 30. | Delhi | 3,75,000 |
| 31. | Lakshadweep | — |
| 32. | Pondicherry | — |
| | TOTAL: | 1,20,53,950 |

**Meeting of National Women Organisations with Home Minister**

333. SHRIMATI VANGA GEETHA:

SHRI K. RAMA MOHANA RAO:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether a delegation of National Women's Organisations met him recently;

(b) if so, their contentions; and

(c) the action taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI MANIKRAO GAVIT): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) In a memorandum presented by the delegation of National Women's Organisations to the Home Minister, this Ministry has been requested to take a wide range of steps for controlling and preventing crimes against women such as setting up of special courts for speedy trial of those accused of serious crimes against women, restructuring the existing Crimes Against Women Cells, special training programmes for the police personnel, monitoring of cases from the trial stage to judgment.etc.

(c) 'Police' & 'Public Order' are state subjects under the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution of India and as such, registration, investigation, detection and prevention of crime is primarily the responsibility of the State Governments. However, the Government of India has been issuing advisories to the State Governments from time to time to make concerted efforts to improve the administration of Criminal Justice System, including control and prevention of Crimes against women.